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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/531,490	04/15/2005	Christophe Fichot	NITROF P61AUS	NITROF P61AUS 8718	
20210	7590 08/02/2006		EXAMINER		
DAVIS & BUJOLD, P.L.L.C.			PARSLEY, DAVID J		
112 PLEASANT STREET CONCORD, NH 03301		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
•			3643	3643	
			DATE MAILED: 08/02/2006		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/531,490	FICHOT ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	David J. Parsley	3643				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 15 Ap	<u>oril 2005</u> .					
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This	action is non-final.					
) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) ☐ Claim(s) 14-26 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 14-26 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	n from consideration.					
Application Papers		·				
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on 15 April 2005 is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection to the of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner	☑ accepted or b)☐ objected to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priori application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been received (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage				
Attachment(s) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	€ 4) ☐ Interview Summary	(PTO-413)				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 4-15-05.	Paper No(s)/Mail Da					

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Detailed Action

Preliminary Amendment

1. Entry of applicant's preliminary amendment dated 4-15-05 into the application file is acknowledged.

Priority

2. Receipt is acknowledged of papers submitted under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d), which papers have been placed of record in the file.

Specification

3. Applicant is reminded of the proper language and format for an abstract of the disclosure.

The abstract should be in narrative form and generally limited to a single paragraph on a separate sheet within the range of 50 to 150 words. It is important that the abstract not exceed 150 words in length since the space provided for the abstract on the computer tape used by the printer is limited. The form and legal phraseology often used in patent claims, such as "means" and "said," should be avoided. The abstract should describe the disclosure sufficiently to assist readers in deciding whether there is a need for consulting the full patent text for details.

The language should be clear and concise and should not repeat information given in the title. It should avoid using phrases which can be implied, such as, "The disclosure concerns," "The disclosure defined by this invention," "The disclosure describes," etc.

The abstract of the disclosure is objected to because it contains implied statements in lines 1, 4 and 10. Correction is required. See MPEP § 608.01(b).

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4. The use of the trademarks KEVLAR, GLOCK and PARKER has been noted in this

application. It should be capitalized wherever it appears and be accompanied by the generic

terminology.

Although the use of trademarks is permissible in patent applications, the proprietary

nature of the marks should be respected and every effort made to prevent their use in any manner

which might adversely affect their validity as trademarks.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

5. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the

subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 14-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for

failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as

the invention.

Claim 14 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for

failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as

the invention. The term "particularly" in line 1 renders the claim indefinite in that it is unclear to

what other types of firearms the ammunition projectile is to be used with.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

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6. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the

basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 14-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by U.S. Patent No.

5,133,261 to Kelsey.

Referring to claim 14, Kelsey discloses an ammunition projectile for a firearm.

particularly a handgun, the projectile comprising a nose – at 14,15,17,20,21,22, and a cap – at

12,16, the nose is essentially conical in shape – see figures 1-2a, and comprises at least two

hollow areas – at 17, disposed essentially symmetrically in relation to one of an axis o the

projectile or an axial plane - see figures 1-2a, the hollow areas being curved from a first edge to

a second edge – see at 17,20,24,25,26 in figures 1-2a.

Referring to claim 15, Kelsey discloses a base of the hollow areas is rounded – see at

17,20,24,25,26 in figures 1-2a.

Referring to claim 16, Kelsey discloses the hollow areas are formed of two curvilinear

planes whose intersection is defined by a radial ridge – see at 15,24 in figures 1-2a.

Referring to claim 17, Kelsey discloses the nose comprises a flat central portion – see at

15,19,24 in figures 1-2a.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

7. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all

obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

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(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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Claim 18 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kelsey as applied to claim 17 above. Kelsey further discloses a diameter of the flat central portion is smaller than the diameter of the projectile at a base of the nose – see figures 1-2a. Kelsey does not disclose a diameter of the flat central portion generally ranges from 10 to 50% of a diameter of the projectile at a base of the nose and preferably from one fourth to one third of the diameter of the projectile. However, applicant does not disclose that the diameter of the flat central portion is from 10 to 50% of the diameter of the projectile at a base of the nose is critical to the operation of the invention. Therefore, it is deemed that the device of Kelsey is capable of operating with the diameter of the flat central portion being from 10 to 50% of the diameter of the projectile at a base of the nose and it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to take the device of Kelsey and add the diameter of the flat central portion being from 10 to 50% of the diameter of the projectile at a base of the nose, so as to allow for the device to be made more aerodynamic to improve the flight characteristics of the device.

Claims 19-20 and 25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kelsey as applied to claim 14 above, and further in view of U.S. Patent No. 4,450,769 to Moser.

Referring to claim 19, Kelsey does not disclose the nose and the cap comprise a cavity.

Moser does disclose the nose and the cap comprise a cavity – see at 17-19 in the drawing figure.

Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to take the device of Kelsey and add the cavity in the nose and cap of Moser, so as to allow for the center of gravity of the device to be modified.

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Referring to claim 20, Kelsey as modified by Moser further discloses the cavity is designed to receive a blocking means – at 19 and/or 20 – see the drawing figure.

Referring to claim 25, Kelsey as modified by Moser further discloses the cavity comprises a central zone – see the interior at 17-19 in the drawing figure, that is at least partially threaded – see at 17, and the blocking means is a bolt – at 19 or 20, partially engaged in the central zone – see the drawing figure.

Claims 21-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kelsey as applied to claim 14 above, and further in view of U.S. Patent No. 5,259,320 to Brooks.

Referring to claims 21-22, Kelsey does not disclose the projectile is made of a soft metal being copper. Brooks does disclose the projectile is made of copper – see column 6 lines 1-17. Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to take the device of Kelsey and add the projectile made of copper of Brooks, so as to allow for the device to be easily manufactured and machined.

Claims 23-24 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kelsey as modified by Moser as applied to claim 20 above. Kelsey as modified by Moser does not disclose the blocking means is made of a hard metal being steel. However, applicant does not disclose that the blocking means being made of steel is critical to the operation of the invention and it is deemed that the device of Kelsey as modified Moser is capable of operating with the blocking means made of steel. Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to take the device Kelsey as modified by Moser and add the blocking means being made of steel, so as to allow for the device to be made more durable.

Claim 26 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kelsey as applied to claim 14 above, and further in view of U.S. Patent No. 5,385,100 to Corzine et al. Kelsey does not disclose the projectile is made of brass. Corzine et al. does disclose the projectile is made of brass – see column 5 lines 41-50. Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to take the device of Kelsey and add the projectile made of brass of Corzine et al., so as to allow for the device to be easily manufactured and made more durable.

Conclusion

8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

The following patents are cited to further show the state of the art with respect to ammunition projectiles in general:

- U.S. Pat. No. 3,572,250 to Kriesel et al. shows projectile with hollow areas
- U.S. Pa. No. 3,580,179 to Gawlick shows projectile with hollow areas
- U.S. Pat. No. 3,949,677 to Voss shows projectile with hollow areas
- U.S. Pat. No. 4,616,568 to Serge shows projectile with hollow areas
- U.S. Pat. No. 4,867,065 to Kaltmann et al. shows projectile with hollow areas
- U.S. Pat. No. 5,027,711 to Schleicher et al. shows projectile with hollow areas
- U.S. Pat. No. 6,182,574 to Giannoni shows projectile with hollow areas
- U.S. Pat. No. 6,223,657 to Proffitt shows projectile with threaded bore
- U.S. Pat. No. 6,244,186 to Pichard shows projectile with hollow areas

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9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to David J. Parsley whose telephone number is (571) 272-6890.

The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 8am to 4pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Peter Poon can be reached on (571) 272-6891. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

David Parsley Patent Examiner Art Unit 3643